

KALAIKOV, Iv.

A propos of general and specific aspects in the work of cybernetic machines and of the nervous system. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 42 no.3:117-130 '63.

1. Predstavena ot dots. d-r. G.Belikov, zam. rukovoditel na Katedrata po marksizum-leninizm, Vissh. med. inst., Sofia.

KALAIKOV, Iv.

The nature of medical education. Suvr. med. (Sofilia) 15
no. 5:55-59 '64

KALAJDZIC, Bozidar
KALAJKZIC, B.

Construction of a bridge across the Sava River near Ostruznica. (To be contd.)
p. 11

IZGRADNJZ, Beograd, Vol 9, No. 7, July, 1955

SO: East European Accessions List, Vol 5, No. 10, Oct., 1956

RYABCHIKOV, Yevgeniy Ivanovich; KALAKUTSKAYA, M.M., otv. red.; GOLUBEVA,
V.A., tekhn. red.

[Pilot of the stellar ship] Pilot zvezdnogo korablia. Moskva, Gos.
izd-vo detskoi lit-ry M-va prosv.RSFSR, 1961. 46 p.
(MIRA 14:12)

(Astronautics)

AUTHORS: Vel'tishcheva, V.A. (Engineer) SOV/86-58-10-20/25
Kalakutskaya, N.A. (Cand.Tech.Sci.)
Nikol'skiy, N.A. (Cand.Tech.Sci.)

TITLE: The thermal conductivity of mercury (*Teploprovodnost' rtuti*)

PERIODICAL: *Teploenergetika*, 1958, No.10. pp. 80-82 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Mercury is becoming increasingly important as a heat-transfer medium. The considerable work which has already been done on its thermal conductivity is reviewed, and errors on the part of the present authors and others are revealed. One assumption was that a layer of liquid paraffin floating on the top of mercury would prevent it from evaporating, but special tests showed that this is not so. Tests were, therefore, made in which the possibility of the evaporation of the mercury was excluded. Two methods were used, one a compensation method similar to that of Hall and Ewing, and the other a method of successive steady states developed in the Power Institute of the Academy of Science of the USSR. A diagram of the equipment used for the compensation method is given in Fig.1. The sample is a hermetically sealed cylinder of stainless steel filled with mercury. The test procedure and the measurements are stated, also the formula used to calculate the thermal conductivity. Results obtained by various methods are plotted in Fig.2., showing good agreement between the different methods. The tests cover the temperature

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The thermal conductivity of mercury.

SOV/96-58-10-20/25

range of 60 - 430°C. The results are 10 - 15% below those of Hall and coincide with those of Ewing over the range 150 - 540°C. An expression is given for the curve that fits the experimental results. Pressure has little effect on the thermal conductivity. A table of the most reliable values of the thermal physical properties of mercury is given. There are 2 figures, one table and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Power Institute, AS, USSR (Energeticheskiy Institut, AN SSSR)

Card 2/2

SOV/96-59-2-16/18

AUTHORS: Nikol'skiy, N.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences
Kalakutskaya, N.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences
Pchelkin, I.M., Engineer,
Klassen, T.V., Engineer, and
Vel'tishcheva, V.A., Engineer

TITLE: The Thermal Physical Properties of Molten Metals (Teplo-fizicheskiye svoystva rasplavlenykh metallov)

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika, 1959, Nr 2, pp 92-95 (USSR)
ABSTRACT: At the Power Institute Academy of Sciences USSR studies have been made of the thermal-physical properties of a number of metals and alloys in the molten condition. The extensive experimental data obtained has been critically analysed and presented in the form of tables. This article gives the thermal physical properties of mercury, lead, bismuth, tin, lithium, sodium and potassium and alloys of sodium and potassium and lead and bismuth, see tables 1 to 9. The values of specific gravity, specific heat, coefficient of thermal conductivity and coefficient of kinematic viscosity are considered to be the most reliable ones available. Test methods used to

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KALAKNTSAYA, N.A.
24(8) P.2

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/3501

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Energeticheskiy institut

Voprosy teploobmena (Heat-Exchange Problems) Moscow, 1959. 237 p. Errata slip
inserted. 2,800 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: M.A. Mikheyev, Academician; Ed. of Publishing House: G.B. Gorshkov;
Tech. Ed.: I.F. Kuz'min.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for scientific workers, engineers,
and postgraduate students specializing in thermodynamics.

COVERAGE: The collection reviews problems of heat transfer and explores possibilities of intensifying heat exchange. The heat exchange theory is outlined, and Russian scientists who contributed to its development are mentioned. Thermo-physical properties of some molten metals and alloys are analysed, and methods used to determine them presented. Equipment used for measuring thermal conductivity, heat capacity, and kinetic viscosity of these metals are discussed. Results of experimental study of the intensified heat exchange for a water flow in an annular channel are analyzed and the instruments used along with the pilot plant for studying convection heat exchange in contacting nonmiscible fluids are described. Instruments and equipment used for determining the linear expansion

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Heat-Exchange Problems

of metals, the consumption of a liquid, and the absorption capacity of a surface are also described and illustrated. A number of equations for solving various thermodynamic problems are presented. Each article is accompanied by references, the majority of which are Soviet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:**Editorial Foreword**

Mikheyev, M.A. Development of the Science of Heat Exchange During the Last Forty Years

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Nikol'skiy, N.A., N.A. Kalakutskaya, I.M. Pchelkin, T.V. Klassen, and V.A. Vel'tishcheva. Thermophysical Properties of Some Molten Metals and Alloys

Pchelkin, I.M. Heat Capacity of Molten Metals

Sidorenko, E.A. Radiation and Convection Heat Exchange in an Absorbing Medium

Fedynskiy, O.S. Intensification of Heat Exchange for the Flow of Water in an Annular Channel

Card 2/4

L 07577-67 EWT(m)/EWP(w)/EWP(t)/ETI LJP(a) ID/NW/JG/EM/GD
 ACC NR: AT6029314

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0092/0099

AUTHOR: Kalakutskaya, N. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Investigation of the viscosity of liquid aluminum

SOURCE: Moscow. Energeticheskiy institut. Teploobmen v elementakh energeticheskikh ustanovok (Heat exchange in power installation units). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 92-99

TOPIC TAGS: liquid metal, aluminum, fluid viscosity

ABSTRACT: Previous work on the viscosity of liquid aluminum has been limited to a temperature range from 650 to 800-900°C. The present work extends the range of investigation up to 1500°C. The experimental data were worked up by the formula:

$$\nu = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{k_0}{M \cdot R} \right)^2 \frac{\left(\delta - \delta_0 \frac{T}{T_0} \right)^2}{\tau_0^2}$$

where ν is the coefficient of kinematic viscosity; k_0 is the moment of inertia of the empty system; M is the mass of the sample; R is the inside radius of the crucible;

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L 07577-67

ACC NR: AT6029314

$\tilde{\tau}_0$, $\tilde{\tau}$ are the periods of vibration of the empty and filled systems; δ_0 , δ are the logarithmic decrements of the damping of the vibrations of the empty and filled systems. The experimental apparatus, shown in a detailed drawing, consisted of a high temperature electric furnace, a crucible, and a weighing system. Two series of experiments were carried out on aluminum, at temperatures extending up to 1500°C . Based on the experimental data, the values of the kinematic viscosity, ν , for liquid aluminum were calculated for temperatures from 660 to 1500°C , and are shown in Table 2.

$t, ^\circ\text{C}$	$v \cdot 10^4, \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}}$	$t, ^\circ\text{C}$	$v \cdot 10^4, \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}}$	$t, ^\circ\text{C}$	$v \cdot 10^4, \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}}$
660	52,4	950	34,8	1250	27,7
700	48,4	1000	33,0	1300	27,0
750	45,1	1050	31,7	1350	26,5
800	42,0	1100	30,5	1400	26,0
850	39,3	1150	29,5	1450	25,5
900	36,8	1200	28,5	1500	25,0

Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 2 tables.
 SUB CODE: 20// SUBM DATE: 05Apr66/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 005

Card 2/2 L3

L 07577-67 EWT(m)/EWP(w)/EWP(t)/EPI LJP(s) ID/NH/JG/EM/CD
 ACC NR: AT6029314 SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0092/0099

AUTHOR: Kalakutskaya, N. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Investigation of the viscosity of liquid aluminum

SOURCE: Moscow. Energeticheskiy institut. Teploobmen v elementakh energeticheskikh ustankov (Heat exchange in power installation units). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 92-99

TOPIC TAGS: liquid metal, aluminum, fluid viscosity

ABSTRACT: Previous work on the viscosity of liquid aluminum has been limited to a temperature range from 650 to 800-900°C. The present work extends the range of investigation up to 1500°C. The experimental data were worked up by the formula:

$$\nu = \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{k_0}{M \cdot R} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\left(\nu - \nu_0 \frac{r}{r_0} \right)^2}{10^3}$$

where ν is the coefficient of kinematic viscosity; k_0 is the moment of inertia of the empty system; M is the mass of the sample; R is the inside radius of the crucible;

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L 07577-67

ACC NR: AT6029314

\tilde{t}_0 , \tilde{T} are the periods of vibration of the empty and filled systems; δ_0 , δ are the logarithmic decrements of the damping of the vibrations of the empty and filled systems. The experimental apparatus, shown in a detailed drawing, consisted of a high temperature electric furnace, a crucible, and a weighing system. Two series of experiments were carried out on aluminum, at temperatures extending up to 1500°C . Based on the experimental data, the values of the kinematic viscosity, ν , for liquid aluminum were calculated for temperatures from 660 to 1500°C , and are shown in Table 2

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660	52,4	950	34,8	1250	27,7
700	48,4	1000	33,0	1300	27,0
750	45,1	1050	31,7	1350	26,5
800	42,0	1100	30,5	1400	26,0
850	39,3	1150	29,5	1450	25,5
900	36,8	1200	28,5	1500	25,0

Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 2 tables.

SUB CODE: 20 // SUBM DATE: 05Apr66/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 005

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ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; FEDDER, M.L.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; YUDIN, I.G.; DMITRIYEV,
B.A.

A study of repellents. Report No.2: Acyltetrahydroquinolines as
mosquito repellents. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.2;
37-40 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Predstavlena kafedrami entomologii i organicheskoy khimii
Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V. Lomonosova i
TSentral'nym nauchno-issledovatel'skim desinfektsionnym institutom
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(Quinoline) (Mosquitoes) (Insect baits and repellents)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Studying repellents. Report No.4: Acyltetrahydquinolines
and tetrahydrophthalates. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly;biol.nauki
no.3:23-25 '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Predstavlena kafedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova.
(INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS) (TICKS)

5(3), 17(12)

AUTHORS: Terent'yev, A. P., Kost, A. N., Zolotarev, SOV/153-58-4-9/22
Ye.Kh, Vinogradova, Ye. V., Kalakutskaya, T. V., Yurgenson,
I. A.

TITLE: I.The Esters of Tetrahydro-Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs
as Insect Repellents (I.Efiry tetragidroftalevoy kisloty
i yeye gomologov kak insektorepellenty)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Khimiya i khimiches-
kaya tekhnologiya, 1958, Nr 4, pp 55 - 60 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Although the insect repellents have been more and more
applied so far and thousands of individual preparations
have been tested, neither the relation between their
structure and efficiency nor their mechanism of
efficiency have been definitely clarified. For these
reasons the search for new means was often unsuccessful,
whereas hardly a few of the thousands of tested sub-
stances were practically used. Dimethyl phthalate is
the most carefully investigated and practically most
applied repellent. Yet it is not efficient in any case,
and large-scale use of it is limited by raw material

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I.The Esters of Tetrahydro-Phthalic Acid and Its
Homologs as Insect Repellents

SOV/153-50-4-9/22

scarcity. The authors synthetized other prospective repellents: "Indalon", "Rudzhers-612" (in the USSR RP -52) and "Dimelon" (RP-50), which had the same effect or a weaker effect than dimethyl phthalate on various mosquito species. RP-50 was a little more active than others. Therefore the authors investigated, according to the structural analogy, a series of esters of the tetrahydro phthalic acid (RP-1, RP-2, RP-5, RP-17, RP-20, RP-23, RP-33 and RP-51). Dimethyl, diethyl and dibutyl phthalate were used for comparison. The compounds investigated are related in structure to dimethyl phthalate, but differ by their lack of aromatic bonds in the 6-membered ring. Diene hydrocarbons and maleic anhydride, which are easily obtained by benzene or furfural-oxidation, were the raw materials used for that purpose. In summer of 1954, Ye.Kh.Zolotarev and N.A. Tamarina investigated at the Belomorskaya biologicheskaya stantsiya MGU (White Sea Biological Station of the university mentioned in the title) the effect of individual preparations on mosquitoes *Aedes communis* and *Aedes dorsalis* and cerato-

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I. The Esters of Tetrahydro Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs as Insect Repellents

SOV/153-58-4-9/22

pogonides of the species Culicoides. At the Ryazanskiy meditsinskiy institut imeni I.P.Pavlova (Ryazan' Medical Institute imeni I.P.Pavlov) it was found that a narcotic effect (fusel-oil drunkenness) is exercised by the dibutyl esters upon rats and rabbits. Large-scale tests in 1956 showed that the preparations RP-1 and RP-50 protect efficiently against the mosquitoes: Aedes vexans, A.maculatus, A.excrucians, A.Cyprius, A.cataphylla, A.punctor, A.communis, A.cinereus, A. dorsalis, and Anopheles bifurcatus. A table shows the comparative efficiency of individual repellents. It results from this that the repellents RP-1, RP-17 and RP-51, which were investigated for the first time, are equal to dimethyl phthalate with respect to their efficiency. The efficiency degree of various mixtures of these compounds was not higher. Further investigations would be necessary only of RP-44 (dimethyl phthalate with diethyl adipate), RP-46 (the same with dibutyl sebacinate) and RP-47 (the same with anisole), since they are a little longer efficient against mosquitoes. All preparations

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I. The Esters of Tetrahydro Phthalic Acid and Its
Homologs as Insect Repellents

SOV/153-53-4-9/22

were investigated as to their acidity, which causes skin irritation, as is known. It was found that the introduction of a methyl or methylene group into the structure of the dimethyltetrahydro phthalate does not exert considerable influence upon the activity of the preparation. Admixtures were supplied by P.A.Moshkin, Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences, USSR, and V.I.Lyubomilov, Candidate of Chemical Sciences. There are 1 table and 18 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni M.V.Lomonosov) Kafedra organicheskoy khimii i kafedra entomologii (Chair of Organic Chemistry and Chair of Entomology)

SUBMITTED: November 2, 1957
Card 4/4

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Eh.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Study of repellents. Report No.5: Relation between the degree of repellency and chemical structure of acyltetrahydroquinolines. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; biol.nauki no.1:20-26 '59.
(MIRA 12:5)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(QUINOLINE) (INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; SAF'YANOVA, V.M.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Study of repellents. Report No.6: Kusol-impregnated Pavlovskii's nets as a means of protection against mosquitoes and black flies. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.4:26-29 '59.

(MIRA 12:12)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova i Institutom epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. N.F. Gamaleya.
(Insect baits and repellents)
(Quinoline)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000620010014-7

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; YUDIN, L.G.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; KOST, A.N.

Testing of repellents. Report No.7:219-222 '60.

(QUINOLINE)

(MIRA 13:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000620010014-7"

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Eh.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Study of repellents. Report No.9: Diethyltoluanides. Vest.Mosk.
un.Ser.6: Biol., pochv. 15 no.3:18-21 My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Kompleksnaya laboratoriya po izucheniyu sredstv i sposobov,
bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznyami rasteniy Moskovskogo
universiteta.

(Insect baits and repellents)
(Toluamide)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Role of micro-organisms in the reduction of iron in soils.
Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; biol.nauki no.1:225-229 '59.

(MIRA 12:5)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy biologii pochv Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(SOILS--BACTERIOLOGY) (IRON) (REDUCTION, CHEMICAL)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Waksmania n. gen., a new genus of Actinomycetales. Mikrobiologija 28
no.5:655-657 S-0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(ACTINOMYCETES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; KRASIL'NIKOV, N.A.

Formation of sclerotia by actinomycetes and systemic position
of the genus *Candida*. Trudy Inst. mikrobiol. no.8:45-55 '60.

(ACTINOMYCETALES)

(MIRA 14:1)

VAN'SHEV, I.F.; KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Simple method of controlling vibration in microphotography. Lab. delo
6 no.1:52-53 Ja-Je '60. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz instituta mikrobiologii AN SSSR, Moskva.
(MICROPHOTOGRAPHY)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Studies on anaerobic proactinomycetes. Report No.1: Isolation of
pure cultures from nature. Mikrobiologija 29 no.1:79-84 Ja-F '60.
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(NOCARDIA culture)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Studies on anaerobic proactinomycetes. Report No.2: Morphology.
Mikrobiologija 29 no.3:371-376 My.-Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(ACTINOMYCES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L. V.

Cand Bio Sci, Diss -- "On the surface structure of the aerial mycelium of actinomycetes". Moscow, 1961. 20 pp, 20 cm (Bio-Soil Dept, Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner State U imeni M. V. Lomonosov), 120 copies, Not for sale (KL, No 9, 1961, p 179, No 24307).
61- 55899

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; DUBA, V.I.

Role of micro-organisms in the process of iron reduction in soils.
Report No. 1. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no. 1:172-
176 '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy biologii pochv Moskovskogo gosudarstven-
nogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova.
(SOIL—IRON CONTENT) (IRON BACTERIA)

DUBA, V.I.; KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Role of microorganisms in reductive processes in soil. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.2:198-201 '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy biologii pochv Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(IRON COMPOUNDS) (PSEUDOMONAS)

KRASIL'NIKOV, N.A.; KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; KIRILLOVA, N.F.

Promicromonospora gen. nov., a new genus of ray fungi. Izv. AN
SSSR, Ser. biol. 26 no.1:107-112 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Microbiological Institute, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R.,
Moscow.
(ACTINOMYCES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; SOKOLOV, A.A.

Heterogeneity of the membrane of airborne mycelium of violaceus.
Mikrobiologija 30 no.1:67-71 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(ACTINOMYCES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Effect of water vapors on the cell membrane of the air mycelium
Actinomyces violaceus. Mikrobiologiya 30 no.2:267-270 Mr-Ap '61.
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(ACTINOMYCES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Study of anaerobic proactinomyces; culture and physiological properties.
Mikrobiologija 30 no.5:921-927 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.
(PROACTINOMYCES)

KALAKUTSKIY, L. V.

Reflection of plane-polarized light by cells of the aerial
mycelium of violaceus 829. Mikrobiologija 30 no.3:409-413
My-Je '61. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.

(ACTINOMYCES) (REFLECTION(OPTICS))

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

"Actinomycetes" by S.A. Wakeman. Reviewed by L.V.Kalakutskii.
Mikrobiologiya 32 no.5:918-922 S-0'63 (MIRA 17:2)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

"Microbial classification; Twelfth Symposium of the Society of
General Microbiology." Reviewed by L.V. Kalakutskiy. Mikrobiologiya
32 no.1:120-124 (1953) (MIRA 17:3)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

Third Congress of the Czechoslovak Microbiological Society.
Mikrobiologija 33 no.2:374-375 Mr-Ap '64. (MIRA 17:12)

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; KUZNETSOV, V.D.

A new species of the genus Actinoplanes Couch; *Actinoplanes armeniacus* n. sp., and some characteristics of its spore formation. *Mikrobiologiya* 33 no.4:613-621 Jl-Ag '64.
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR i Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut antibiotikov Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (VNNIIA).

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.

New species of the genus *Micropolyphora* - *Micropolyphora caesia*
n. sp. *Mikrobiologija* 33 no. 5:858-862 3-0 '64.
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; KIRILLOVA, N.F.

Germination of spores of actinomycetes on "previously used" media.
Mikrobiologija 34 no.1:163-170 Ja-F '65.

(HIRA 18:7)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR.

KALAKUTSKIY, L.V.; RZHEGACHEK, Z. [Rehacek, Z.]

Benzidine method for detecting cytochromes in microbial cells.

Mikrobiologija 34 no.2:366-369 Mr-Ap '65.

(MTRA 1B;6)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR, Moskva i Institut mikrobiologii
Chekhoslovatskoy Akademii nauk, Praga.

1. N. V. KALAKUTSKIY, A. YA. CHERNYAK, D. M. NAKHINOV
2. USSR (600)
4. A. Ya. Chernyak
7. "Russian scientist metallographer. Reviewed by Kh. I. Muratov. I. S. Kosov. Vest. mash. 32 no. 11. 1952.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

VETCHINKIN, V.P.; KOGAN, F.M.; KALAKUTSKIY, V.A., red.; SUKHOVTSVA, M.D..
tekhn.red.

[New formulas of numerical quadratures] Novye formuly chislennykh
kvadratur. Moskva, Gos.isd-vo tekhniko-teoret.lit-ry, 1949. 71 p.
(MIRA 13:8)

(Numerical calculations)
(Curves--Rectification and quadrature)

KHOROSHIY, Izrail Samoylovich; SOROKIN, Nikolay Vasil'yevich;
KALAKUTSKIY, Vladimir Aleksandrovich; SHPOLANSKAYA,
L.M., otv. za vyp.; AVERINA, T.I., red.; SHEVTSOV, V.D.,
red.; GOLUBKOVA, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Assembling precast reinforced concrete structures of the
silo housing of elevators] Montazh sbornykh zhelezobeton-
nykh konstruktsii silosnykh korpusov elevatorov. Pod red.
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(MIRA 17:2)

BROYDO, N.F.; POLYAKOV, L.K., inzh., retsenzent; KALAKUTSKIY, V.Ye.,
inzh., red.; MITARCHUK, G.A., red.izd-va; SHCHETININA,
L.V., tekhn. red.; PETERSON, M.M., tekhn. red.

[Devices of a unified pneumatic control system in automatic
control circuits] Pribory pnevmaticheskoi unifitsirovannoi
sistemy v skhemakh avtomatizatsii. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1963.
(MIRA 16:10)
142 p.
(Pneumatic control--Equipment and supplies)

KALAL, J.

KALAL, J. Effect of waves on a dam with a vertical face. p. 228.

Vol. 5, No. 7/7a, July 1955

VODNI HOSPODARSTVI

TECHNOLOGY

Praha, Czechoslovakia

See: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

KALAL, J.

VAILAL, J. Dimensions of waves on lakes and water reservoirs. p. 341.

Vol. 5, No. 10, Oct. 1955

VODA I HOSPODARSTVI

TECHNOLCGY

Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

ZACHOVAL, J.; KALAL, J.; VERUOVIC, B.

On the nature of complex catalysts from cobalt (III)-chloride,
pyridine and diethylaluminum chloride for the stereospecific
butadiene polymerization. Coll Cz Chem 28 no. 12:3450-3451
D '63.

1. Technische Hochschule fur Chemie, Prag.

KALAL, J.

"Telomerization and new synthetic materials" by R.Kh. Freidlina
[Freydlina, R.Kh.] and Sh.A. Karapetyan. Reviewed by J. Kalal. Chem
listy 56 no.12:1473-1474 D '62.

RUZICKA, Vlastimil; KALAL, Jaroslav; SMURZ, Zdenek

Contribution to the study of catalysts prepared by the decomposition
of mixed salts. V.Catalytic hydrogenation of nitrobenzene to aniline
in vapor phase at normal pressure. Sbor chem tech 4 no.2:473-489
'60. (BESAI 10:9/10)

1. Katedra organické technologie, Vysoká škola chemicko-techno-
logická, Praha.

(Catalysts) (Salts) (Nitrobenzene) (Aniline)

L 17247-63

EWP(j)/BDS--AFFTC/ASD--Pc-4--RM/RW

ACCESSION NR: AP3002541

Z/0009/63/cd0/006/0325/0327

AUTHOR: Kalal, Jaroslav; Horak, VladimirTITLE: Epoxy resins prepared by phase boundary reactionSOURCE: Chemicky prumysl, no. 6, 1963, 325-327

TOPIC TAGS: condensation, phase boundary, epichlorhydrin solvent, infrared spectrum, epichlorhydrin

ABSTRACT: Long reaction times in the manufacture of epoxy resins prepared by the usual methods are an important obstacle to continuous production. The authors studied the possibility of shortening the reaction time by using "condensation at the phase boundary," and found this method to be simple and more rapid than the usual ones. Resins with both low and medium molecular weight can be prepared in this way. The content of epoxy groups is mostly influenced by the initial ratio of monomers, their concentration in the phases, and the kind of solvent for epichlorhydrin. It is not substantially affected by the reaction temperature or rate of mixing. The fractions obtained from the

Card 1/2

L 17247-63
ACCESSION NR: AP3002541

samples did not differ essentially from similar laboratory samples prepared by the ordinary method. The infrared spectra were compared with the spectrum published for a typical liquid resin of the same type and found not to differ pronouncedly. Orig. art. has: 5 graphs and 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Vysoka skola chemickotechnologicka, Prague (Chemicotechnological College)

SUBMITTED: 21Feb63 DATE ACQ: 15Jul63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH, MA NO REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 006

Card 2/2

VERUOVIC, Budimir; KALAL, Jaroslav; ZACHOVAL, Jaromir

Butadiene polymerization through the action of diethylaluminum chloride and cobalt acetylacetonate. Chem prum 15 no.1:22-25 Ja '65.

1. Chair of Macromolecular Chemistry of the Higher School of Chemical Technology, Prague.

KALAL, Miloslay.

Television studio technique and live transmission cars in
Montreux. Sdel tech 11 no.118413-414 N°63.

KALAH, V.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Farm Animals. Rabbits.

U-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 72114

Author : Kalal, V.

Title : Rabbit Breeding in Czechoslovakia, Its Development, Present State and Outlook.

Orig Pub : Chovatel, 1956, No 11, 170 ps.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card : 1/1

- 38 -

KALALOVA, E.; RUZICKA, V.

Contribution to the study of catalysts produced by decomposition of mixed salts. Part 7 : Decomposition of copper(II)-formate and calcium formate, and their mixtures by heat. Coll Cz Chem 27 no.2:424-429 F '62.

1. Institut fur anorganische Chemie und Institut fur organische Technologie, Technische Hochschule fur Chemie, Prag.

S/081/63/000/001/019/061
B101/B186

AUTHORS: Kalálová, E., Ruzicka, V.

TITLE: Contributions to the study of catalysts produced by decomposition of mixed salts. VII. Thermal decompositions of copper (II) formate and calcium formate and their mixtures

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 1, 1963, 84, abstract 1B577 (Collect. Czechosl. Chem. Commun., v. 27, no. 2, 1962, 424 - 429 [Ger.; summary in Russ.])

TEXT: The thermal decomposition of $\text{Cu}(\text{HCOO})_2$ (I), $\text{Cu}(\text{HCOO})_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (II), $\text{Ca}(\text{HCOO})_2$ (III), and mixtures of these substances was studied. A method was developed for producing catalysts from mechanical mixtures of III with I or II. CuO , and then Cu, are formed on heating I and II in vacuo, in CO_2 or in water vapor. For a previous communication, see RZhKhim, 1960, no. 15, 60622. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.] ✓

Card 1/1

HORAK,F.; KALAMAR,J.

New synthesis of an isomer of vitamin K3 (6-methyl-1,
4-naphthoquinone). Cesk. farm. 12 no.8:410-411 0'63.

1. Katedra organickej technologie, Chemicka fakulta SVST,
Bratislava.

*

HORAKOVA,O.; KALAMAR,J.; SOPINSKA,M.; HORAK,F.

The presence of alpha-lipoic acid in natural substances. Cesk.
farm 13 no.3:107-110 Mr'64.

1. Slovensky ustav pro doskovaní lekaru, Bratislava; Katedra
biochimie farmaceuticke fakulty a katedra organické technologie
chemicke fakulty UK, Bratislava.

*

I-45361-66 EWF(1) RM/JW

ACC NR: AP6033608

SOURCE CODE: C2/0043/66/000/001/0079/0084

AUTHOR: Kalamar, Julius--Kalamar, Yu. (Engineer; Candidate of sciences; Bratislava);
Ryban, Bernard (Engineer; Bratislava) 29

ORG: Department of Organic Technology, Slovak Technical University, Bratislava
(Katedra organickej technologie Slovenskej vysokej skoly technickej)

TITLE: Synthesis of substituted benzhydrylamines by Leuckart's reaction

SOURCE: Chemicke zvesti, no. 1, 1966, 79-84

TOPIC TAGS: chemical synthesis, amine, substituent

ABSTRACT: The authors developed a modification of the Leuckart reaction for the preparation of substituted benzhydrylamines using benzophenones, formic acid, and urea as raw materials in the presence of small amounts of a Ni catalyst. 17 different chemicals were prepared; out of these 8 were not previously described. The yields of the amines, related to benzophenones varied between 59 and 95%. The authors thank M. Zemanikov, Department of Analytical Chemistry, SVST for carrying out the analysis. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [Based on authors' Eng. abstr.] [JPRS: 34,805]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 29Apr65 / SOV REF: 001 / OTH REF: 019

Card 1/1 All 4 N

KALAMARAS, E.

STANKOVSKI, M.; KALAMARAS, E.

Treatment of puerperal stasis of the breast with posterior pituitary gland extracts. Med. glasn. 10 no.10:419-420 Oct 56.

1. Univerzitetska ginekolosko-akuserska klinika Medicinskog fakulteta u Skoplju (direktor prof. dr. M. Beric).

(PITUITARY GLAND, POSTERIOR, hormones,

ther. of breast stasis in puerperium (Ser))

(BREAST, dis.

stasis in puerperium, ther., posterior pituitary extracts (Ser))

(PUERPERIUM, compl.

breast stasis, ther., posterior pituitary extracts (Ser))

KALAMARAS, E.

BULGARIA/Pharmacology and Toxicology. Tranquillizers

V-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, No 71085

Author : Lazarov A., Kalamaras Ye., Shakhpazov

Inst : -

Title : The Use of Largactyl in the Postoperative Period

Orig Pub : Maked. med. pregl., 1957, 12, No 5-8, 26-30

Abstract : No abstract

Card : 1/1

SAMOSUDOVA, N.V.; KALAMAROVA, M.V.; OGIVEVETSKAYA, M.M.

Localization of actin and tropomyosin in extracted and intact myo-fibrils. Biofizika 10 no.2;268-271 '65.
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

KALAMARZ, Emil

A study of poultry lice (Mallophaga) occurring on hens (*Gallus domesticus*) on poultry farms in the Olsztyn Province area. *Wiadomosci parazyty.* 7 no.2:371-372 '61.

1. Katedra Zoologii WSR, Olsztyn.

(LICE) (POULTRY parasitol)

KALAMARZ, E.

**Attachment for copying prints and hatch drawings. Wzochswiat
no.5:121 My '63.**

KALAMIN, A.I.

KALAMIN, A.I.

"Soil Treatment of Gardens, Berry Gardens, and
Vineyards in Relation to the Propagation of Root Systems." Cand Agr.
Sci, Moscow Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy imeni K. A. Timiryazev,
Moscow, 1955. (KL, No 12, Mar 55)

SO: Sum. No. 670, 29 Sep 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dis-
sertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)

KALAMIN, A.I.

The KSR-10 potato grader. Sel'khozmashina no. 5:5-8 My '55.
(MLRA 8:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyay-
stvennogo mashinostroyeniya.
(Potatoes--Grading) (Agricultural machinery)

KALAMIN, A. I.

KALAMIN, A. I.: "Working the soil in gardens, berry patches, and vine-yards in connection with the distribution of the root system."
Moscow Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy imeni K. A. Timiryazev.
Moscow, 1956.
(Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Sciences.)

Knizhnaya letopis', No. 30, 1956. Moscow

KALAMIN, A.I.

Pressing hay with a high moisture content. Sel'khozmashina
no.6:18-19 Je '57. (MLRA 10:?)
(Hay--Harvesting)

KALAMIN, A.I.

KALAMIN, A.I., KHANYAYEV, B.

Results of potato digger tests in 1956. Sel'khozmaschina no.10: 19-22
O '57. (MLRA 10:9)

I. Vneryuzeyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'sko-
khozyaistvennogo mashinostroyeniya.
(Potato diggers)

KALAMIN, A. I.: Master Agric Sci (diss) -- "Soil working in orchards, berry patches and vineyards in connection with the distribution of root systems". Moscow, 1958. 17 pp (Moscow Order of Lenin Agric Acad im K. A. Timiryazev), 110 copies (KL, No 5, 1959, 153)

KALAMIN, A.I.

The KSR-10 potato grading machine. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.9:61-63
1958. (MIRA 11:10)
(Potato) (Agricultural machinery)

KALAMIN, A.I., nladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Economic efficiency of the KSP-10 potato-sorting machine.
Trakt. i sel'khormash. no.1:22-24 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyay-
stvennogo mashinostroyeniya.
(Potatoes) (Agricultural machinery)

KALAMIN, A.I.

"Kuch" potato sorter. Trakt. i sel'khoszash. 30 no.8:45-46 Ag '60.
(MIRA 13:8)

(Potatoes—Grading)

KALAMIN, A.I., kand, sel'skokhoz, nauk

Performance of potato sorters. Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 30 no.7:24-27
Jl'60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo
mashinostroyeniya.

(Potatoes--Grading)

KALAMIN, Aleksey Ivanovich; GORBUNOV, V.R., inzh., retsenzent; NEINYUBOVA,
Ye.I., red.izd-va; UVAROVA, A.F., tekhn. red.

[Machines for grading potatoes] Mashiny dlja sortirovaniia kartofelia. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1961. 83 p. (MIRA 14:11)
(Potatoes—Grading) (Agricultural machinery)

KALAMIN, A.I., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; BYKARSKIY, Ye., inzh.

KPR-5 potato sorting machine. Trakt.i sel'khozmash. 31
no.9:33-34 S '61. (MIRA 14:10)
(Potatoes--Grading)

KALAMIN, A.I., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk; KOCHENENKO, D.V., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Studying the working surfaces of potato sorting machines.
Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 33 no.11:27-29 N '63.

(MIRA 17:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya.

KALAMIN, A.I.

Conference on the mechanization of potato growing and harvesting.
Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 33 no.7:48 Jl. '63. (MIRA 16:11)

PETROV, G.D.; FIRSOV, N.V.; KOLCHIN, N.N.; KALAMIN, A.I.; KUCHERENKO, N.Ye.;
ANIKEYENKO, A.I.

Mechanization of potato storing and prospects for its development.
Trakt. i sel'khozmash. no.7:22-24 Jl '64. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo
mashinostroyeniya, Moskva (for Petrov, Firsov, Kolchin, Kalamin). 2. Nauch-
no-issledovatel'skiy institut torgovli i obshchestvennogo pitaniya (for
Kucherenko). 3. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu predpriyatiy
torgovli i obshchestvennogo pitaniya (for Anikeyenko).

KALANIN, A.I., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Review of the book "Mechanization of work in orchards, vineyards, berry plots, and nurseries." Trakt. i sel'khozmash.
no.12:43-44 D '64 (MIRA 18:3)

KALAMKAROV, Kh.A., aspirant

Histological changes in the paradontium of a dog caused by
traumatic overloading of certain teeth. Stomatologija 37 no.2:55-57
Mr-Ap '58. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii (sav.-prof. V.Yu.
Kuryandskiy) Moskovskogo meditsinskogo stomatologicheskogo
instituta (dir.-dotsent G.N. Beletskiy).
(GUMS)

KALAMKAROV, Kh. A., kand. med. nauk; POGODIN, V. S., assistant

Effectiveness of applying prosthesis to edentulous jaws while taking impressions by Vainshtein's method. Trudy KGMI no.2: 182-190 '60. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii - zav. kafedroy dotsent M. A. Solomonov.

(DENTAL PROSTHESIS)

KALAMKAROV, Kh. A., kand. med. nauk; POGODIN, V. S., assistant

Taking impressions from edentulous jaws and determining centric
occlusion in one visit. Trudy KGMI no.2:191-195 '60.
(MIRA 15:7)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii - zav. kafedroy
dotsent M. A. Solomonov.

(DENTAL PROSTHESIS)

KALAMKAROV, Kh. A., kand. med. nauk

Clinical and X-ray changes in the amphodontium (parodontium)
during the use of bracket prostheses. Trudy KGMI no.2:207-214
'60. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii - zav. kafedroy
dotsent M. A. Solomonov.

(DENTAL PROSTHESIS) (GUMS)

KALAMKAROV, Kh.A., dotsent

Immediate and late results of treating functional overload
of teeth. Stomatologija 42 no.4:68-72 Jl-Ag'63 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii (sav. - prof.
Ye.I.Gavrilov) Kalininskogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor -
dotsent A.N. Kushiyev).

CHARYGIN, M. M.; VASIL'YEV, Yu. M.; KALAMKAROV, L. V.

"Some peculiarities of oil and gas distribution in salt domes of the world."

report submitted for 22nd Sess, Intl Geological Cong, New Delhi, 14-22 Dec 1964.

KALAMKAROV, L.V.

Certain regularities in the distribution of oil and gas fields
in the Gulf coast region and the Caspian Lowland. Geol.nefti i
gaza 6 no.5:30-36 My '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti
im. akademika Gubkina.
(Gulf Coast—Petroleum geology) (Gulf Coast—Gas, Natural—Geology)
(Caspian Lowland—Petroleum geology)
(Caspian Lowland—Gas, Natural—Geology)

KALAMKAROV, L.V.; VASIL'YEV, Yu.M.; CHARYGIN, M.M.

Distribution of petroleum and gas in salt dome regions. Geol.
nefti i gaza 7 no.3:23-31 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

(Petroleum geology)
(Gas, Natural—Geology)
(Salt domes)

VASIL'YEV, Yu.M.; KALAMKAROV, L.V.

Types of oil and gas pools in the salt-dome regions of the Gulf Coast and the Caspian Sea region. Trudy MINKHiGP no.43:217-232 '63. (MIRA 17:4)

CHARYGIN, Mikhail Mikhaylovich, doktor geol.-miner. nauk;
VASIL'YEV, Yuriy Mikhaylovich, kand. geol.-miner. nauk;
KALANIKAROV, L.V.; MIL'NICHUK, V.S.; SKVORTSOV, I.I.;
BOGACHEVA, N.G., ved. red.

[Regularities in the distribution of oil and gas in the
Caspian Lowland] Zakonomernosti raspredeleniya nefti i ga-
za v Prikaspiskoi vpadine. [By] N.M.Charygin i dr. Mo-
skva, Izd-vo "Nedra," 1964. 254 p. (MIRA 17:7)

GOLODOVSKIY, Yakov Yeoshuyevich; ISPOLATOV, Yuriy Veniaminovich;
KALAMKAROV, Rafaal' Grigor'yevich; PODKOLZIN, Aleksey Vasil'yovich;
RUMYANTSEV, Vladimir Alekseyevich; PERLINA, V.S., red.;
OKUNEV, Yu.K., podpolkovnik, red.; MEDNIKOVA, A.N., tekhn.red.

[The ZIL-157 motortruck] Avtomobil' ZIL-157. Moskva, Voen.
izd-vo M-va obor.SSSR, 1960. 327 p. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Avtotraktornoye upravleniye.
(Motortrucks)

KALAMKAROV, V. A.

AID - P-156

Subject : USSR/Engineering
Card : 1/1
Author : Kalamkarov, V. A.
Title : Maximum Increase of Efficiency in the Recovery of Oil Reserves in the Azerbaydzhan Region as the Major Problem in the Oil Producing Industry
Periodical : Neft. khoz., v. 32, #1, 8-16, Ja 1954
Abstract : Systematic flooding and pumping out of water from certain geological strata are described as the effective method for increase of the efficiency of production.
Institution : None
Submitted : No date

Dep. Min. of USSR Petroleum Industry

~~SECRET~~
KALAMKAROV, V.A.; NOTKIN, D.I.

~~SECRET~~
for further development of the petroleum industry in the U.S.S.R.
Neft. khoz. 36 no.1:1-8 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Gosplan SSSR.
(Petroleum industry)

KALAMKAROV, V.

More petroleum and natural gas. MTO no.8:13-15 Ag '59.

(MIRA 12:11)

1. Chlen Gosplana SSSR,
(Petroleum industry) (Gas, Natural)

KALAMKAROV, V.A.

Basic assignments in the development of the petroleum and gas industries for 1959-1965. Neft. khoz. 37 no.1:1-12 Ja. '59.
(MIRA 12:3)

1.Gosplan SSSR.
(Petroleum industry) (Gas, Natural)

KALAMKAROV, Vartan Aleksandrovich; STRIZHOV, N.I., red.; ISAYEVA, V.V.,
vedushchiiy red.; FEDOTOVA, I.G., tekhn.red.

[Technical progress in the petroleum and gas industries] Tekhnicheskii progress v neftianoi i gazovoi promyshlennosti. Moscow, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960.
33 p. (Petroleum industry) (Gas, Natural) (MIRA 13:3)